

Department of Education Region X- Northern Mind nao DIVISION OF MALAYBALAY CITY



Cor. Don Carlos and Guingona Sts., Malaybalay City

DIVISION MEMORANDUM

No. 03 s. 2014

To: Education Program Supervisor/Coordinators

Public Schools District Supervisors
Elementary and Secondary School Heads

From : EDILBERTO L. OPLENARIA #

Schools Division Superintendent

This Division

Date: February 12, 2014

Re: DESSIMINATION OF DePED MEMORANDUM NO. 14 S. 2014 RE: 2014 NATIONAL AND

INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL EVENTS

Pursuant to DepED Memorandum No. 14 s. 2014 all School Heads are enjoined to submit the Proposed Provisional List of Support Activities to the 2014 Environmental Events using the form attached as Enclosure No. 2 of the said Memorandum on or before February 28, 2014 to this office Attention: ANALY L. OCIER, EPS in SCIENCE.

Attached is Memorandum No. 14 s. 2014 for your reference.

Immediate dissemination and compliance of this memorandum is desired.

To be indicated in the perpetual Index
Under the following subjects:

Teachers

Climate Change

Schools

Environment

alo/ELO



Republic of the Philippines

Department of Education

0.5 FEB 2014

DepEd MEMORANDUM No. **14**, s. 2014

2014 NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL EVENTS

To: **Bureau Directors**

Regional Directors

Schools Division Superintendents

Heads, Public and Private Elementary and Secondary Schools

All Others Concerned

- The Department of Education (DepEd) joins the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) through the Environmental Management Bureau (EMB) in announcing the observance of the 2014 National and International **Environmental Events** listed in Enclosure No. 1. These events mark the end of the United Nations Decade of Education for Sustainable Development (2005-2014).
- These events aim to support the implementation of Republic Act (RA) 9512 entitled Environmental Awareness and Education Act.
- 3. Regional directors and schools superintendents shall enjoin their school heads (SHs) to plan and use the form provided in Enclosure No. 2 in listing doable and appropriate activities to celebrate said events.
- The SHs shall encourage their pupils and students to participate in the celebration of their school events.
- 5. For more information, all concerned may contact:

Ms. Elenita Basug

Chief, Environmental Education and Information Division

Environmental Management Bureau (EMB)

Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR)

Telephone No.: (02) 376-5610 Telefax No.: (02) 928-4674

Email Address: ecofriendlyschool@gmail.com Website Address: http://www.emb.gov.ph

6. Immediate dissemination of this Memorandum is desired.

BR. ARMIN A. LUISTRO FSC

Secretary

Encls.:

As stated

Reference:

DepEd Memorandum: No. 32, s. 2010

To be indicated in the <u>Perpetual Index</u> under the following subjects:

CELEBRATIONS AND FESTIVALS ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION PUPILS SCHOOLS STUDENTS

Alma/ DM <u>national and international environmental events</u> 0054-January 23, 2013

World Day to Combat Desertification	Philippine Eagle Week (PEW)	World Environment Day/ Philippine Environment Month	The International Day for Biological Diversity (IDB)	Month of the Ocean	International Earth Day/ Month of Planet Earth	World Water Day	International Day of Forests	World Wetlands Day	Name of Event: or Celebration	
June 17	June 4-10	June 5/ June	May 22	Мау	April 22/ April	March 22	March 21	February 2	Date Celebrated	
1994 United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification	Proclamation No. 79	Presidential Proclamation No. 237	Convention on Bi-ological Diversity	Presidential Proclamation No. 5:7, series of 1999	Presidential Proclamation Nos. 1481 and 1482	1992 United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (LINCED) in Rio de Janeiro	United Nations General Assembly daited February 14, 2013	Raimsar Convention on Wetlands	Legal Basis	Table I. Lis
In 1994, the United Nations General Assembly declared June 17 the World Day to Combat Desertification and Drought to promote public awareness of the issue, and the implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD) in those countries experiencing serious drought and/or desertification, particularly in Africa.	Said Proclamation aims specifically i) to strengthen public awareness on the significant role of the Philippine Eagle in the forest ecosystem, and its importance as a national symbol and unique heritage, among others; ii)to generate unified and concerted efforts among all sectors; of the society to ensure the protection and perpetuation of the species; and iii)to encourage non-government organizations, private companies or corporations, people's organization, academic and scientific organizations and all another interested parties to participate in the annual celebration of the PEW.	World Environment Day (WED) was established by the UN General Assembly in 1972 to mark the opening of the Stockholm Conference on the Human Environment. Commemorated yearly on 5 June, WED is one of the principal vehicles through which the United Nations stimulates worldwide awareness of the environment and enhances political attention and action.	The United Nations proclaimed May 22 as International Day for Biological Diversity (IDB) to increase understanding and aware ness of biodiversity issues.	Proclamation No. 5:7 dated January 9, 1999 declares the Month of May as the Month of the Ocean in the Philippines.	Earth Day Network was founded on the premise that all people, regardless of race, gender, income, or geography, have a moral right to a healthy, sustainable environment. Our mission is to broaden and diversify the environmental movement worldwide, and to mobilize it as the most effective vehicle for promoting a healthy, sustainable environment. We pursue our mission through a combination of education, public policy, and consumer activism campaigns. Our campaign and programs are predicated on the belief that an educated, energized population will take action to secure a healthy future for itself and its children. Earth Day Network has a global reach with a network of more than 17,000 partners and organizations in 174 countries. More than 1 billion people participate in Earth Day activities, making it the largest secular civic; event in the world.	This world day for water was observed starting in 1993, in conformity with the recommendations of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development contained in chapter 18 (Fresh Water Resources) of Agenda 21. States were invited to devote the Day to implement the UN recommendations and set up concrete activities as deemed appropriate in the national context.	The occasion is intended to be one of the world's leading global platforms for people with an interest in forests and climate change to share their views and work to gether to ensure forests are suitably incorporated into any future climate: change mitigation and adaption strategies.	This is an annual celebration of the vital importance of international wetlands to ecological and human health. It marks the date of the adoption of the Convention on Wetlands on 2 February 1971, in the Iranian city of Ramsar on the shores of the Caspian Sea. Government agericies, non-government organizations and community groups have celebrated World Wetlands Day by undertaking actions to raise public awareness of wetland values and benefits and promote the conservation and wise use of wetlands. These activities include seminars, nature walks, festivals, launches of new policies, announcement of new Ramsar sites, newspaper articles, radio interviews and wetland rehabilitation	Brief Descripition of the Event or Celebration	Table I. List of Nationally and Internationally-significant Environmental Events/Celebrations

Global Warming and No Climate Change No Consciousness Week	National Environmental Awareness Month	Philippine Clean Air Month	International Lead Poisoning Prevention Week	Tarnaraw Month	National Ozone Protection Se Month/Iriternational Ozone Sep	National Clean -Up Month/International W Coastal Clean-Up VVeekend S		Name of Evenit or Celebration C
November / November 19- 25)	Novemiber	November	October 20- 26	Octobier	September / September 16	September/3 rd Weekend of September	June 2:5	Date Celebra ted
Presidential Proclamation No. 1667 – Global Warming and Climate Change Consciousiness Week	Republic Act No. 9512 - National Environmental Awareness and Education Act of 2008	Presidential Proclamation No. 1109, s. 1º97 - Clean Air Month Republic Act No. 8749 - Philippine Clean Air Act of 1999	2012 International Conference on Chemicals Management	Presideritial Proclamation No. 273	DepEd Menno No. 358, s. 2007, Montreal Protocol	Presideritial Proclamation No. 244 – National Clean-Up Month Presideritial Proclamation No. 470 – International Coastal Clean-Up Weekend	Proclamation No. 643 that annended Proclamation No. 396 of June 2, 2003	Legal Baısis
The Philippines has declared and confirmed its commitment to the goals of the United Nations Framework on Climate Change Corvention.	Pursuant to the policy set forth ir: this Act, the month of November of every year shall be known as the Environmental Awareness Month throughout the Philippines.	A continuing air quality information and education campaign shall promoted by the Department, the Department of Education, Culture and Sports (DECS), the Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG), the Department of Agriculture (DA) and the Philippine Information Agency (PIA). Consistent with Sec. 7 of this Act, such campaign shall encourage the participation of other government agencies and the private sector including NGOs, POs, the academe, environmental groups and other private entities in a imulti-sectoral information campaign.	The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) and the World Health Organization (WHO) were invited to establish a global partnership to promote phasing out the use of lead in paints, ie, the Global Alliance to Eliminate Lead Paint (GAELP). The Alliance aims to catalyze efforts to prevent children's exposure to lead from paints and to minimize occupational exposures to lead paint.	Under said Proclamation, all government offices, agencies and instrumentalities in the whole Island of Mindoro are urged to implement activities geared toward the conservation of the Tamaraw and its habitats at least during the month of October.	The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer came into force on 1 January 1989 when it had been ratified by 29 countries and the European Economy Community (EEC). As of February 2007, 191 countries have ratified the Protocol, representing an international effort to safeguard the ozone layer through controls on production, consumption and use of ozone-depleting substances (ODS).	This event was just the beginning of a movement for cleaner beaches and marine habitats. In a few years, what had been a local clean-up grew to encompass the 25 U.S. states and territories. In 1989, the Clean-Up the World weekend, officially became an international event, with the involvement of responsible citizens of Canada and Mexico. Today, half a million citizens from almost 100 countries participate in the Clean-Up, and it has grown into an annual event, motivating people the world over to get cutside and do something for their coastal environment.	The "active participation of all government agencies, including government-owned and controlled corporations, private sector, schools, civil society groups and the citizenry in tree planting activity.	Brief Description of the Event or Celebration

PROVISIONAL LIST OF SUPPORT ACTIVITIES TO 2014 ENVIRONMENTAL EVENTS

Title of Activities	Date	Venue	Organizers				
Prepared by:							
Full Name and Position							
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Institution / E-mail Address